

## 當代文獻

## 馬歇爾大演詞全文

蕭克洛斯宣稱：

## Marshall's UN Address Stresses Need for Cooperative Approach

(續) We believe that the Assembly should give sympathetic consideration to the suggestions of the Secretary General for the establishment of a small UN guard force to assist UN missions engaged in the pacific settlement of disputes. The fate of the mediator in Palestine and the experience of the several commissions already working in the field has already demonstrated the need for such a group. This great world organization should not send its servants on missions of peace without reasonable protection. The guards would be entirely distinct from the armed forces envisaged under Article 43 and would not carry out military operations. They could, however, perform important services in connection with UN missions abroad not only as guards but as observers and as communications and transportation personnel.

我們相信馬歇爾對於聯合國秘書長主張設立小型聯合國保衛隊以協助從事和平調解爭端的聯合國代表團的建議，應予以同情的考慮，馬歇爾主張的命令以及若干從事爭端工作的委員會的經驗已充分顯示成立這個保衛隊是必要的。這個偉大的世界機構在派出人員去從事和平任務之時，不能沒有合理的保護。保衛隊與聯合國第四十三條所規定的武裝部隊完全不同，它不執行軍事任務但是他們在聯合國協助聯合國代表團時，可以盡重要的任務，他們不但可担任保衛工作，並且仍可監視軍員與交通及運輸人員。

Mr. President, one of the principal purposes of the United Nations, according to Article 1, is "to be a center for harmonizing the actions of nations" in the attainment of the common ends set forth in the Charter. The problem of making and keeping the peace involves many governments and many peoples. On the issues which call for settlement, the large powers as well as the small must submit their policies to the judgment of the world community. For this purpose, appropriate forums have been established for the adjustment of differences through the impartial opinions of the international society. This process has been seriously hampered by the refusal of a group of nations to participate in certain of the important commissions established by this Assembly such as the Balkan Commission, the Korean Commission, and the Interim Committee.

主席先生，根據憲章第一款聯合國的主要目標之一，就是要形成一個調和國際行動的中心，以達到憲章中所規定的共同的、形成和維護和平的問題，並牽涉到許多政府和人民對於需予解決的各項問題，大國以及小國都必須把他們的政策提請全世界來判斷，俾經國際的公正見解來調整各項委員會，這種工作已因一個國家集團拒絕參加聯合國所成立的若干重要委員會如巴爾幹委員會，朝鮮委員會和臨時委員會而遭遇到嚴重的阻礙。

More important than this boycott, however, is the disturbing lack of cooperation which the United Nations has received in its efforts to resolve such questions as Korea and Greece and to bring about the international control of atomic energy. This persistent refusal of a small minority to contribute to the accomplishment of our agreed purposes is a matter of profound concern.

這種抵制更要是聯合國在企图解决朝鲜、希腊與國際管制原子能的問題時，竟未能獲得絲毫的合作，少數國家堅決拒絕多數同意的目的，深使我們憂慮。

There is no plot among members of this organization to keep any nation or group of nations in a minority. The minority position is self-imposed. The record shows that there are no mechanical majorities at the disposal of any nation or group of nations. Majorities form quickly in support of the principles of the Charter. Nations consistently in the minority would be welcomed among the ranks of the majority—but not at the price of compromise of basic principles.

聯合國會員中並沒有使一個或數國成為少數集團的謀劃，少數集團的地位是自己加上去的，一切紀錄證明任何一國或數國並沒有不變的多數票，在擁護聯合國憲章時，多數集團的國家歡迎少數集團的國家加入多數集團，但決不以對基本原則的妥協作為代價。

The United Nations has sought to promote the free exchange of ideas on a basis of full reciprocity. The effort is of the greatest political importance. Any government which, by deliberate action, cuts itself and its people off from the rest of the world becomes incapable of understanding the problems and policies of other governments and other peoples. It would be a tragic error if, because of such misunderstanding, the patience of others should be mistaken for weakness.

聯合國鼓勵在互惠互惠的基礎上自由交換理想，這種努力具有極大的重要性，任何存心與世界隔離的政府，決不能解脫別的政府或人民的問題與政策。如果由於這個誤解就把人家的忍耐當作軟弱，那就這點北行就犯了悲慘的錯誤！

The United States does not wish to increase the existing tension. It is its wholehearted desire to alleviate that tension. But we will not compromise essential principles. We will under no circumstances barter away the rights and freedoms of other peoples. We earnestly hope that all members will find ways of contributing to the lessening of tensions and the promotion of peace with justice. The peoples of the earth are anxiously watching our efforts here. We must not disappoint them.

美國不願意加強現在緊張的局勢，美國真心想緩和這種緊張情形，但我們在主要的原則上決不妥協，我們在任何條件下決不出讓別人的權利和自由，我們誠摯的希望所有的會員國能尋求途徑來減輕世界緊張的局勢，以促進和平，全球的人民正以渴望的心情注視我們在這裡的努力，我們不能讓他們失望。

(The End 完)

聖地戰仍未停  
"Arab Liberation Army" Communiqué

Damascus, Oct. 24. (Reuter) — An "Arab Liberation Army" communiqué late last night said 250 Jews were killed while trying to fight their way out of the encircled Jewish settlement of Manara, on the northern front.

路透社達達馬十月二十四日電：昨夜阿拉伯軍方消息，曼納拉地區突圍之猶太軍被殺二五〇名。

The Jews were abandoning all kinds of arms and ammunition," the communiqué added. 該報導云猶太全被擊潰，這猶太軍火及裝備。

In Cairo, an Egyptian Government spokesman said Jews had continued to violate the cease-fire order by attacking a number of Egyptian positions in Palestine yesterday. Egyptian forces had repulsed attacks, inflicting "heavy losses," he added.

開羅埃及政府發言人云巴勒斯坦，巴勒斯坦軍隊違反停火命令，攻擊埃及軍隊，埃及軍隊以重創將其撤退。

Jews and Arabs were reported to have been fighting in both north and south Palestine yesterday, despite the United Nations cease-fire call, and only a few hours after the United Nations had shelved the discussion of the problem for another week.

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